



Adaptive Nitrogen Management for Maize Using Climate Data and Model Simulations

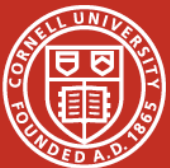
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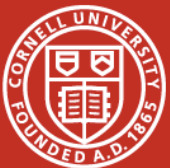
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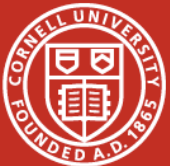
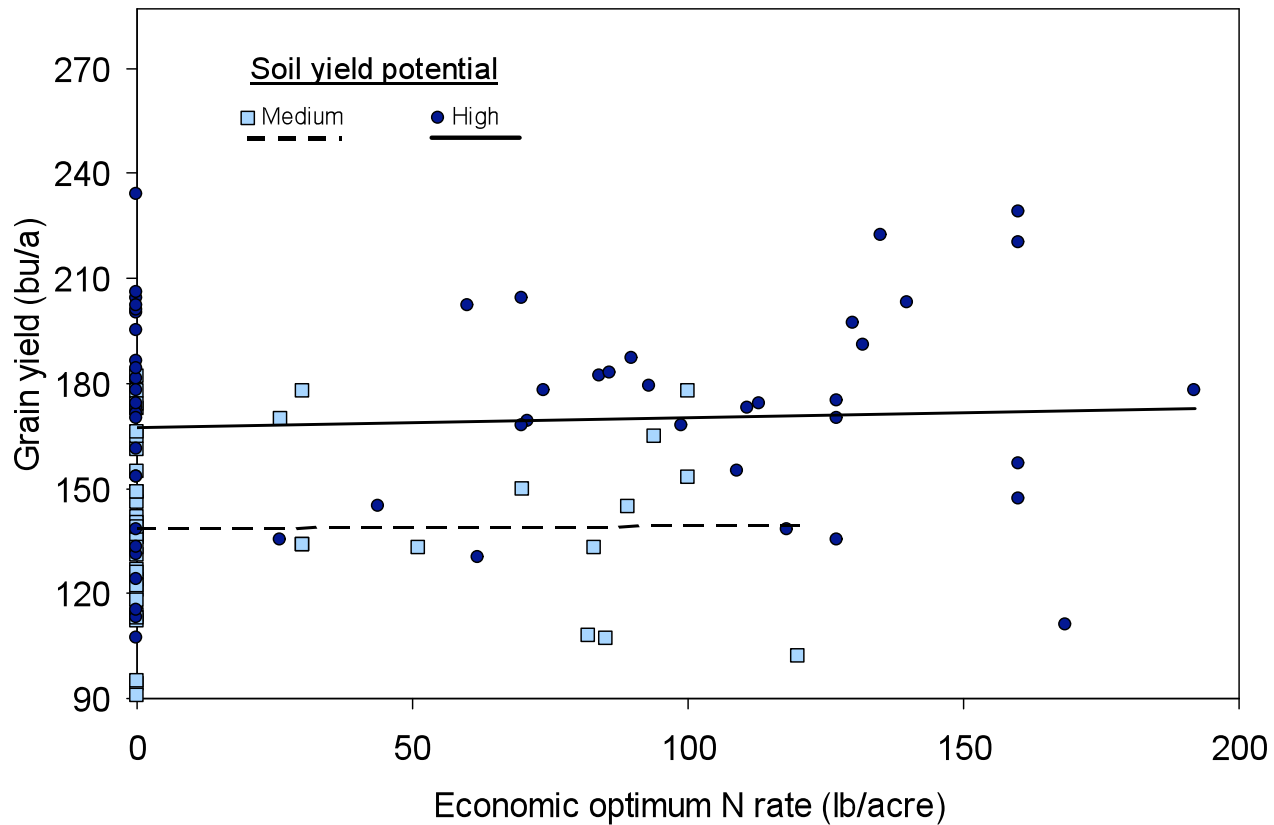
Estimating Economic Optimum N Rates: Static Approaches

1. Mass-Balance Approach:

Generally based on a yield goal and associated N uptake, minus credits given for non-fertilizer N sources such as mineralized N from soil organic matter (SOM), preceding crops, and organic amendments.



Variability in Economic Optimum N Rate (from Bundy)

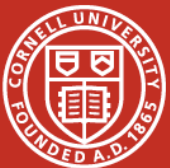


Estimating Economic Optimum N Rates

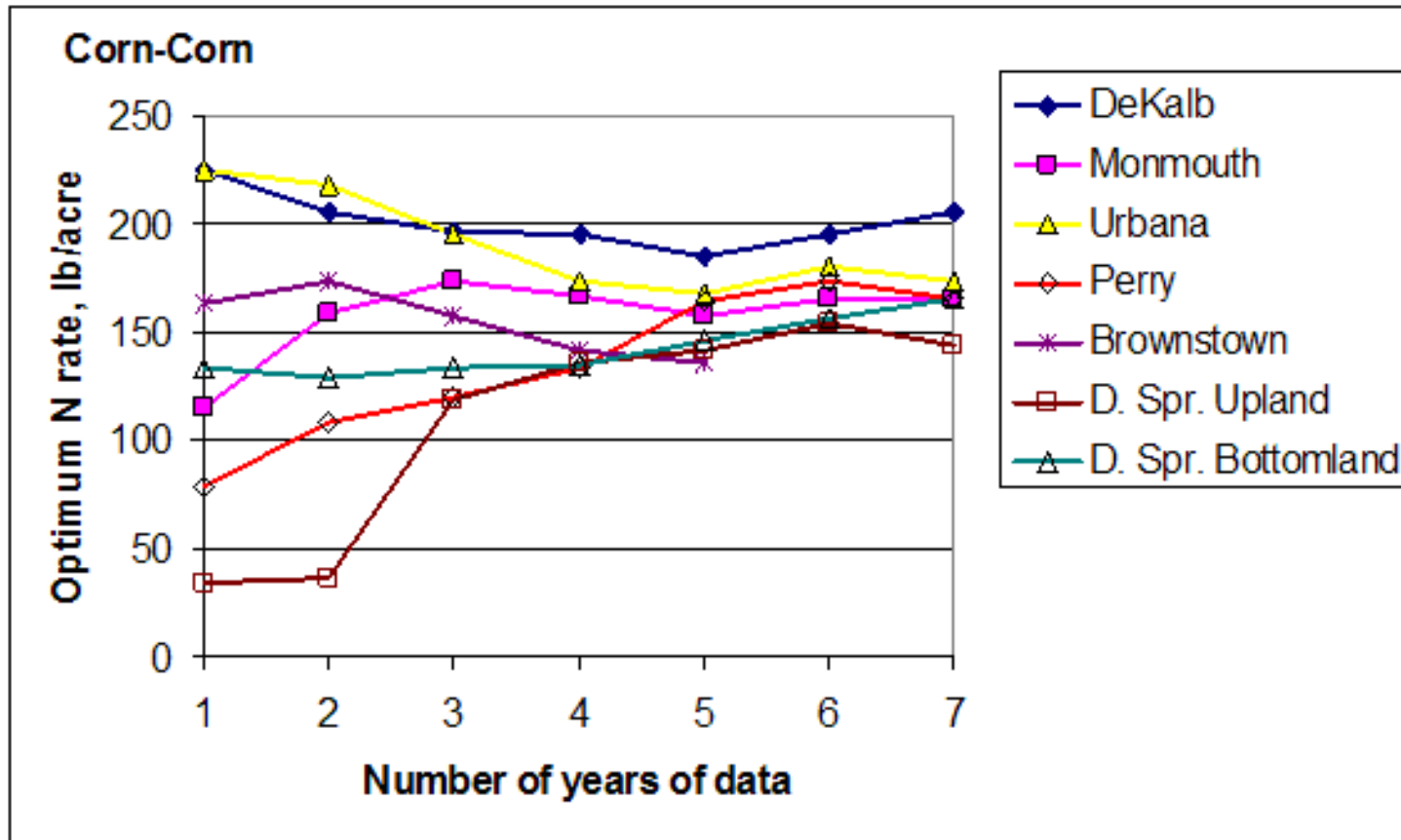
Static Approaches

2. Maximum Return to N (MRTN) Approach

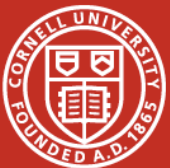
- Based on extensive multi-year and multi-location field trials, curve-fitting, and economic analyses.
- The rate with the largest average net return over many years is the MRTN
- Adjustments based on yield expectations and price ratios are sometimes considered.
- Now used in the major cornbelt states.



Illinois trials (Nafziger, 2006)



The Need for Adaptive N Management



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Variance component analysis for economic optimum N rates w/i a field (5 years x 3 soil types, New York)



Source	Variance Component kg ² ha ⁻²	Range (4σ) kg ha ⁻¹
Year	501	90
Soil Type	0	0
Year*Soil Type	73	34

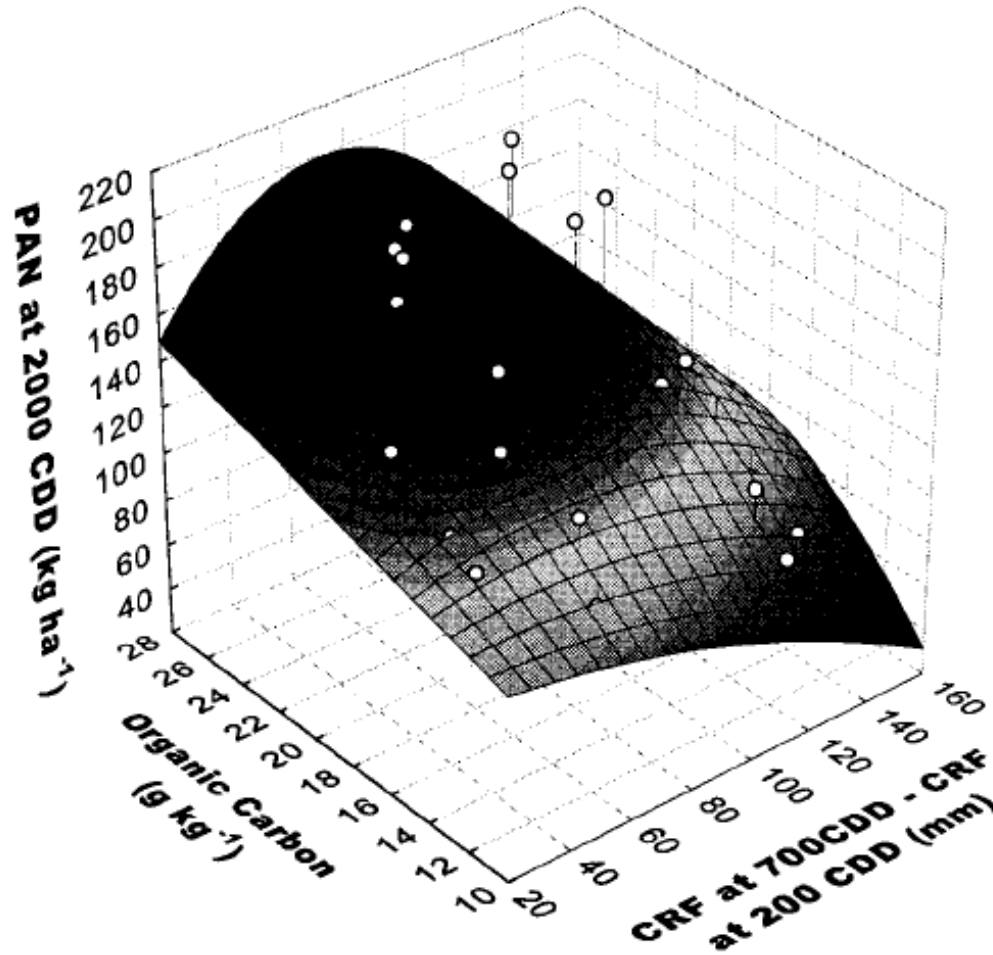
Sogbedji, J.M., H.M. van Es, S.D. Klausner, D.R. Bouldin, and W.J. Cox. 2001. Spatial and temporal processes affecting nitrogen availability at the landscape scale. *Soil & Tillage. Research* 58 (3-4) 233-244.



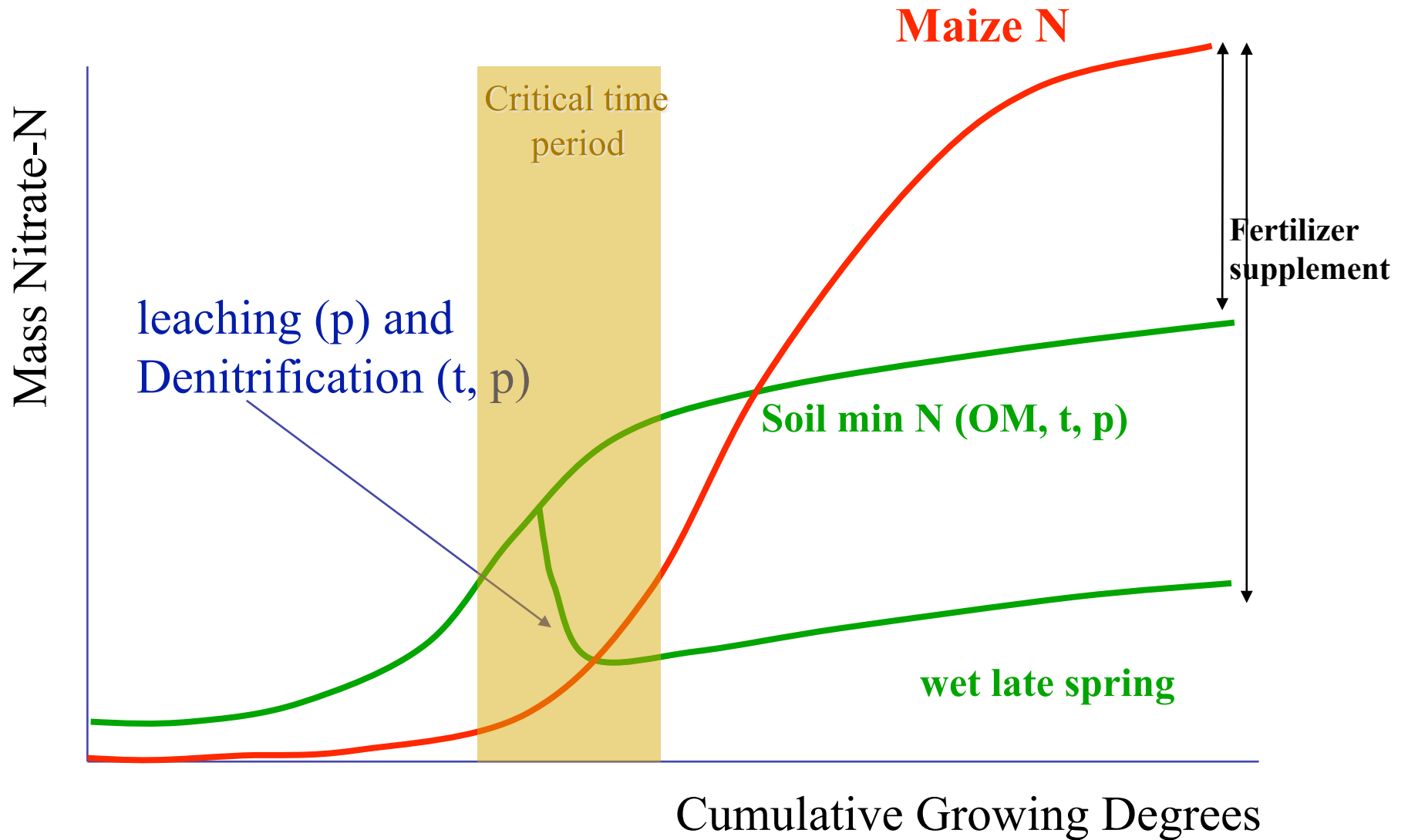
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Plant Available N Depends on Soil Organic Matter and Rainfall (Elora, Ontario)



Soil Nitrate from SOM and Corn N Uptake



Estimating Economic Optimum N Rates

Adaptive Approaches

➤ Pre-Plant Soil Tests

- Pre-Plant NO₃/NH₄ Test (PPNT)
- Illinois Soil Nitrogen Test (ISNT)

Address organic matter variability, but do not incorporate early-season weather effects

➤ In-Season Soil Tests

- PSNT / LSNT

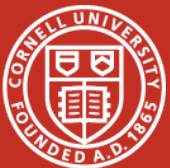
Incorporate organic matter and early-season weather effects, but are imprecise without weather interpretation



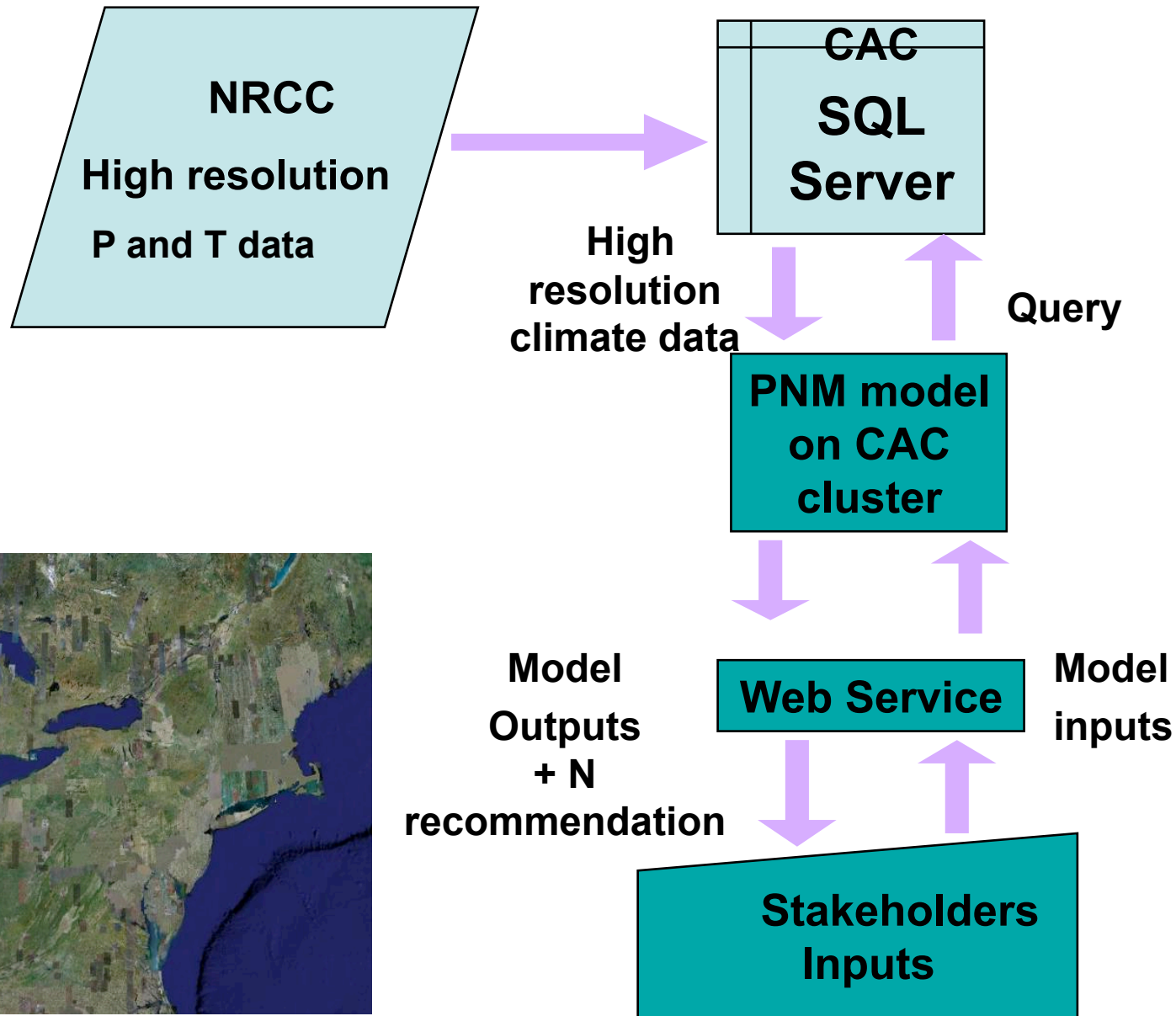
Estimating Economic Optimum N Rates

Adaptive Approaches

- **Leaf or Canopy Sensing:**
 - Leaf chlorophyll (Sawyer et al., 2006)
 - multi-band aerial/satellite or on-the-go sensing (e.g., Sripada et al., 2005; Hong et al., 2006; Scharf et al., 2007).



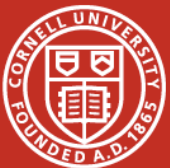
Adapt – N Infrastructure



Precision Nitrogen Management (PNM) model: the core of the Adapt-N tool

Combines two models:

- Soil processes model (LEACHN, Hutson, 2003)
- Crop growth/N uptake model (Sinclair and Muchow, 1993)



LEACHN / PNM Model Calibrations and Validations

Fertilizer and Sod Incorporation

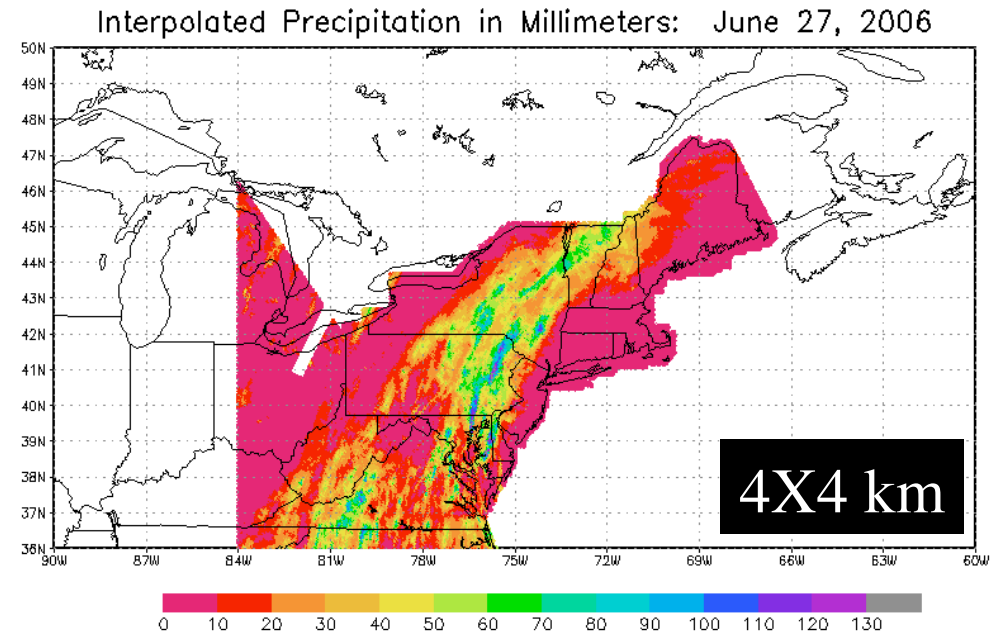
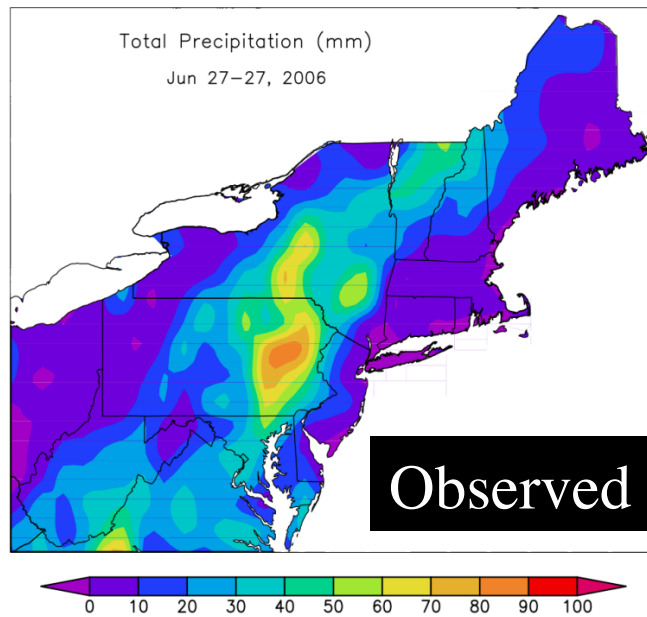
- Sogbedji, J.M., H.M. van Es, J.L. Hutson, and L.D. Geohring. 2001. Fate of N fertilizer and green manure in clay loam and loamy sand soils: I Calibration of the LEACHM model. *Plant and Soil* 229(1): 57-70.
- Sogbedji, J.M., and H.M. van Es. 2001. Fate of N fertilizer and green manure in clay loam and loamy and soils: II Validation of the LEACHM model. *Plant and Soil* 229(1): 71-82
- Sogbedji, J.M., H.M. van Es and K.M. Agbeko. 2006. Modeling Nitrogen Dynamics under Maize in Ferralsols in Western Africa. *Nutrient Cycling in Agroecosystems*. 74:99-113.
- Sogbedji, J.M., H.M. van Es, S.D. Klausner, D.R. Bouldin, and W.J. Cox. 2001. Spatial and temporal processes affecting nitrogen availability at the landscape scale. *Soil & Tillage Research* 58 (3-4) 233-244.

Manure

- Sogbedji, J.M., H.M. van Es, J.M. Melkonian, and R.R. Schindelbeck. 2006. Evaluation of the PNM model for simulating drain flow nitrate-N concentrations under manure-fertilized maize. *Plant and Soil* 282: 343-360.

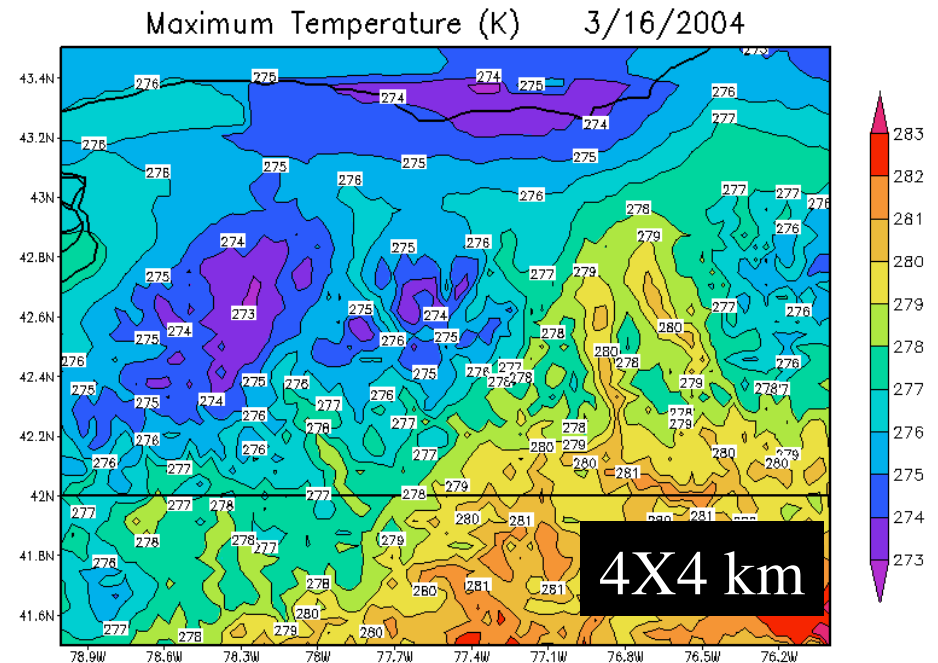
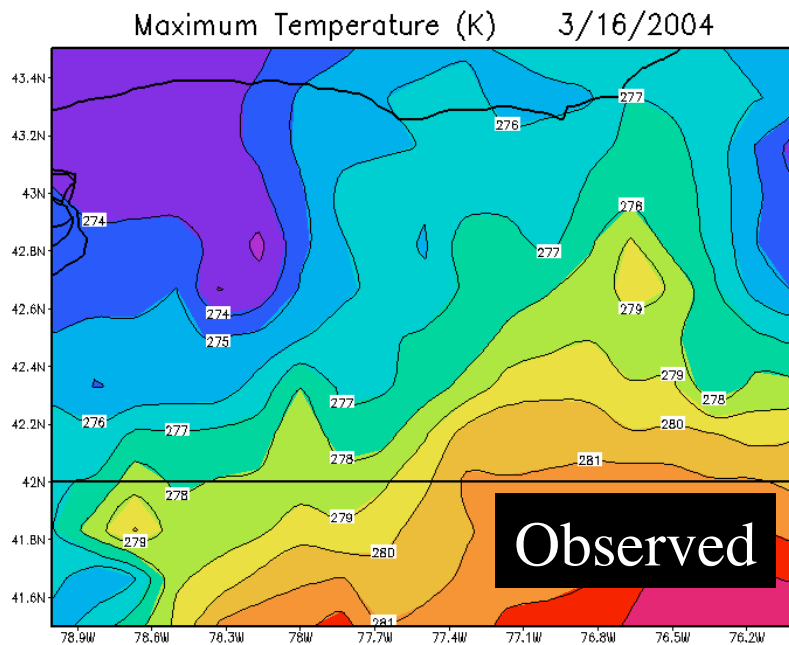


Adapt-N Input: High Resolution Precipitation Data Error-Corrected Radar Estimates Northeast Region Climate Center



Adapt-N Input: High Resolution Temperature Data Elevation-Corrected Spatial Interpolations

Northeast Region Climate Center



Adapt-N: Information needed

Soil/Tillage

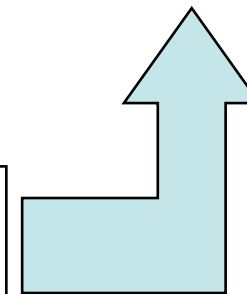
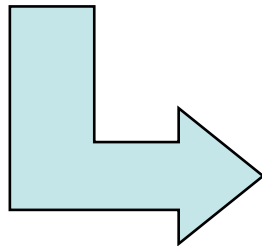
- User ID / Field ID
- Latitude / Longitude
- Soil textural group
- Approximate field slope
- Drainage
- Soil test information
- Tillage information

Fertilizer/Crop

- Starter fertilizer
 - type/rate/application date
- Additional fertilizer
- Cultivar maturity class
- Planting date
- Expected harvest population

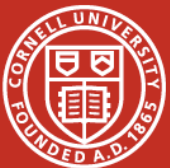
Organic Inputs

- Manure applications:
 - Two previous years / current year
- Previous sod crop
- 1st year corn after soybean?



Adapt-N Web access:

<http://adapt-n.eas.cornell.edu/>



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Adapt-N A tool for calculating corn sidedress nitrogen rates

Log In Page

establish a new id or add a new location to your existing id

Please enter user name and field name.

User Name Field Id

Please enter the latitude and longitude coordinates of the field.

latitude (for example 42.47) longitude (for example 76.45)

User Name and Field ID

Enter latitude and longitude to the hundredths place (0.00).

When you've entered all your information, please click the submit button

Click here when you have entered User name, Field ID and latitude and longitude. You will then go to the Main Input page.

Adapt-N: Soil/Tillage - Mozilla Firefox
File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help
http://adapt-n.eas.cornell.edu/crops/
mozilla.org mozillaZine mozdev.org

Adapt-N Soil/Tillage System Information

Soil Information

Please select a soil texture class that best describes the soil in the field.

Please select the approximate slope (%) of the field.

Please select a drainage class for the field

Was there a **preplant** soil test?

If you know the sample depth, please enter it in inches.

Otherwise, please enter 6 inches. (inches)

soil organic matter: (%)

nitrate-N, if available: (lbs/acre) collection date if before planting date:

Tillage System Information

Please select the tillage system for this field.

Approximate Date Approximate Depth of Primary Tillage (inches)

When you've entered all your information, please click the submit button

Adapt-N Manure/Sod/Previous Soybean Crop

Manure N Applications

Date	Added	Organic N	Ammonia N	Depth	Delete Button
2006-04-14	10000	12	12	injected/incorporated within 5 days	Delete
2007-10-10	8000	13	10	left on surface	Delete
2008-04-15	10000	10	11	injected/incorporated within 2 days	Delete

You may enter up to three applications for 2006, up to three applications for 2007 and one application for 2008

Select Manure Application

N from Sod Rotation

Previous sod crop in the past three years? sod applied in 2007

- Date 2007-04-20
- 1-25%
- plowdown

Previous Soybean Crop

First year corn after soybean? Select Soybean Option

When you've entered all your info yes, first year corn after soybean
no, did not plant soybeans last year

Submit When Complete

Adapt-N A tool for calculating corn sidedress nitrogen rates

Soil and Cultural Practices

Soil/Tillage System Information

Manure/Sod/Previous Soybean Crop Information

- If manure was **not** applied in calendar year 2006 to 2008, check box.
- If sod was **not** in rotation in calendar year 2006 to 2008, check box.
- If you were **not** rotating out of soybean this year, check box.
- **Enter Manure/Sod/Soybean Information** for any of the following:
 - Manure N Applied (2006 - 2008)
 - Sod N Applied (2006 - 2008)
 - Soybean Crop in 2007

Nitrogen Fertilizer Applications (2008)

Please select the choice that describes your 2008 fertilization application

applied starter (fertilizer banded with seed)

ammonium sulfate (lbs N/acre)

Crop Information

Silage: mid-maturing (101-110 days) Date

When you've entered all your information, please click the submit button

Submitting entered data to get a sidedress N recommendation.

Output

Sidedress N recommendation

Summary Table of User Inputs

Simulation results (weather, soil N and crop N)



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Adapt-N Sidedress Nitrogen Rate Recommendations for Corn		
Powered by  Northeast Regional Climate Center		
Date: 05/29/2008	Latitude: 42.47	Longitude: 76.45
Soil/Field Information		
Soil Texture: medium: (silt loams)	Drainage: naturally well-drained or tile-drained	Field Slope: less than 3%
Soil Management: tillage (plow till, chisel till, disk till)	Preplant Soil Test: no test in last 3 years	
Crop Information		
Maturity Class: Grains: late-maturing (100-110 days)	Planting Date: 05/01/2008	Planting Density 25,000 plants/acre
GDD to maturity = 2400		
Nitrogen Inputs:		
Organic Sources		
Sod	Sod Kill Date	Sod Management
26-50% legume	03/31/2006	plowdown
Manure	Manure Input	Manure Management
Mineral Fertilizer	Date	Depth of Incorporation
starter: monoammonium phosphate	05/01/2008	2 inches
additional: not used		

Table with summary of inputs

Sidedress N recommendation (lbs N/acre)

Sidedress Nitrogen Recommendation: 110 lbs N/Acre

Additional Information

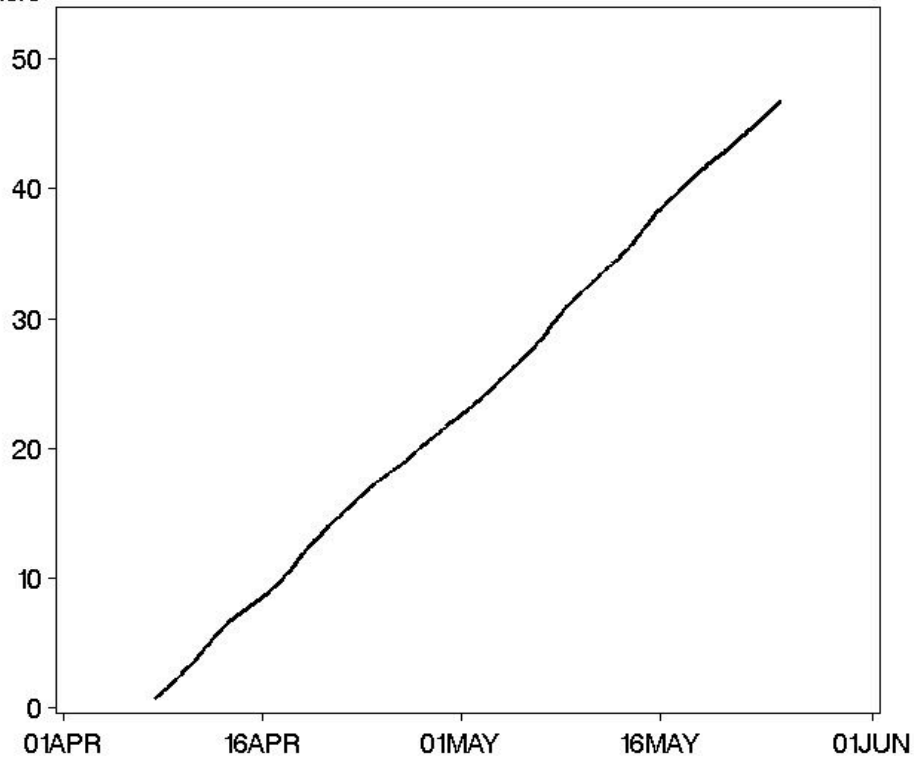
Additional Information

- [Growing Season Daily Average Temperature](#)
- [Growing Season Rainfall](#)
- [Cumulative Nitrogen Losses from the Root Zone](#)
- [Cumulative Nitrogen Uptake by the Crop](#)
- [Cumulative Nitrogen \(N\) Mineralization \(all organic N sources\)](#)
- [Nitrogen in the top 8 inches of the Root Zone](#)



Cumulative Nitrogen (N) Mineralization (all organic N sources)

Mineralized N, lbs/acre

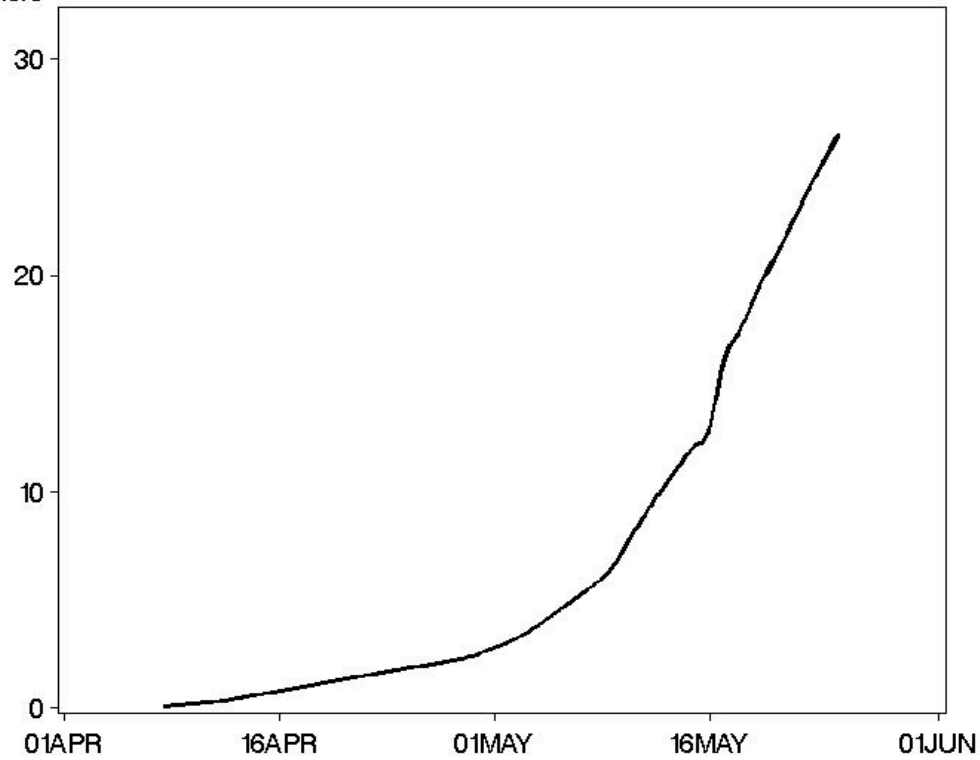


Growing Season 2008 Location: lat 41.55 lon 75.44



Cumulative Nitrogen Losses From the Root Zone

N Loses, lbs/acre



Growing Season 2008 Location: lat 41.55 lon 75.44



Example Strategies of Adaptive N Management

Corn-after-soybean; no organic inputs

1. Starter + sidedress:

20 kg ha⁻¹ pre-plant + (based on Adapt-N estimates):

- dry year: +40 kg ha⁻¹ sidedress, or none
- normal year: + 80 kg ha⁻¹ sidedress
- wet year: + 140 kg ha⁻¹ sidedress

2. Pre-planting or at-planting application + incidental sidedress:

80 kg ha⁻¹ pre-plant (ideally ammoniacal, controlled release or w/ inhibitor) + (based on Adapt-N estimates)

- dry or normal year: no sidedress
- wet year: +60-80 kg ha⁻¹ sidedress



Examples Strategies of Adaptive N Management

Corn-after-corn; with conservative manure inputs

Starter + sidedress: 20 kg ha⁻¹ at planting, or none + (based on Adapt-N estimates):

- dry or normal year: no sidedress
- wet year: +60 kg ha⁻¹ sidedress



Conclusions

- Corn N dynamics are strongly affected by interacting weather and soil factors
- Adaptive N management in humid regions allows for increased precision in N management and reductions in N losses
- Ideally, adaptive N management tools are combined with post-season tests to evaluate performance.

